# LOOKING BEYOND THE SURFACE

ASSESSING FOR NEEDS NOT SERVICE

September 12, 2018 CCS/CST Statewide Meeting Presenters: Ann Kelly-Kuehmichel and Leanne Delsart

#### Putting values into practice Hello Help The process of engagement and continued efforts to Healing partner with the family and The process of facilitating the discover who they are and child and family team to plan, Hope what they desire, and building create, implement, and The process of facilitating a team of supports to help evaluate a plan of care that sustainable interventions meet their needs. involves identifying strengths, through empowerment, The process of executing a needs, and strategies to involvement of natural and transition out of care based achieve the family's vision of informal supports, and use of on resilience, sustainable success. supports and resources, community resources. Healing task-shifting, and long-term involves assessing progress planning to meet on-going toward meeting needs, and future needs. Hope is a adjusting interventions to celebration of success and sustain progress and on-going healing and includes a preparation for transition out thoughtful good-bye to of care. honor the relationships built with formal supports and resources.

# Why needs vs. service

- Behavior comes from unmet needs, addresses the root cause
- > Deals with the "big stuff"
- >Keeps the plan real and promotes resilience
- Avoids blaming and shaming or prescribing solutions

> Helps a family get closer to achieving their vision

> Produces long term healing and hope

# Listening for needs:

- Usually begins through problem identification during the enrollment and engagement process (talk to the screener AND read the tab)
- Requires active listening and the ability to reframe
- Can emerge in and across different domains: health/well-being, family/relationships, cultural/spiritual, school/work, social/fun, safety, legal, a place to live, transitions to adulthood
- Are often missed when behavior is not respected as adaptive, communicative, developmentally driven and functional



Needs	Problems	Goals	Services
Something the person would express if they could	Labels the issue, but offers no solution	Something we can imagine for someone else	Defines the action
Express compelling reason from the person	Barriers to meeting the need	Addresses system priorities or mandates	Implemented to meet a court order or requirement
Defines why the action is important	What the action addresses	Framed as "needs to" or a command	The action
Unifying concept that cuts across all 3 levels of service	Addresses the behavior	Identifies the goals Justifies the service	Includes 3 levels: existing service, intervention and support (service provider, provider strategies, task shifting)
Changes infrequently and remains consistent until the need is met			Frequently changes based on new information and access
Lets us know what drives the behavior and provides information on how to help	Describes the behavior	Focuses on behavioral presentation	Reward or consequence for behavior

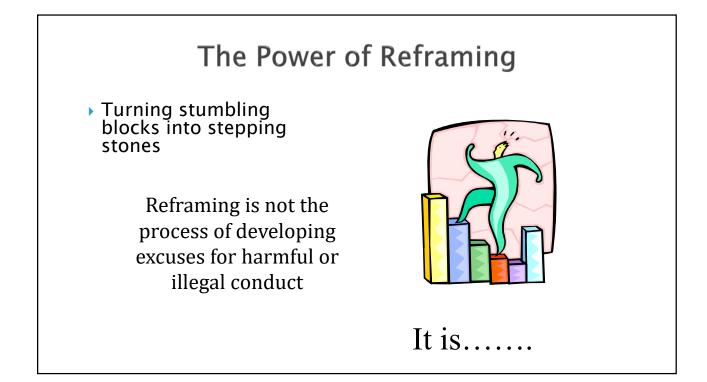
Language: Behavior focus vs Person focus

### "He's aggressive"

# "He acts aggressively"

## "He reacts aggressively when he feels threatened"

"He reacts aggressively because he feels threatened and needs to be in control to feel safe"



Traditional System Centered Language	Individualized Person Centered Language	
Acting out/uncontrollable/out of control	Emotionally dysregulated, needs help to calm down/cope, triggered	
Has anger management problems	Threatened (perceived or real), sensitized survival (fight, flight) response, fearful, mistrusting, self-protective	
Willfully naughty, makes bad choices, bad on purpose	Adaptive patterns of behavior to ensure safety and control	
Pushes buttons	Creates predictable responses based on worldview	
Manipulative	Seeks to get needs met or communicate through behavior	
In need of consequences to motivate change	Needs effective interventions to heal and learn new skills	
Doesn't follow through, uncooperative, resistant, noncompliant	Mistrusting/suspects a hidden agenda, rule conflict, stages of change, uncertain about the unknown, lacks skills or confidence or support, the cost is greater than the benefit of change	
Confrontational, belligerent	Relational template wired with threat, crossed the intimacy barrier	
Pathological, dysfunctional, inappropriate behavior	Adaptive/generalized stress response, misunderstood, functional behavior displayed outside the original context, feels good	
Checked out, disinterested, doesn't care	Dissociative stress response, re-experiencing, triggered	
Attention seeking, needy	Relationship seeking, needs attunement, opportunity for co-regulation or soothing	

